

Navigate data through concepts, relationships and context

SciBite's search capabilities help research teams uncover deeper insights and connections with semantic search and discovery.

Traditional search tools focus on keywords, often burying important relationships within scientific data. Research teams need connected, intelligent search that delivers clarity without adding complexity.

SciBite technology applies semantic, concept-driven search and ontology-based indexing to map relationships and navigate knowledge graphs. Transform scattered data into clear concepts and connections to support informed decision-making at critical moments.



120+
Life science entities



20M
Synonyms



180+
VOCabs



80+
Topics

Explore links and hidden patterns in your data with SciBite search to reveal discoveries waiting to be made.

Search by meaning, not keywords

Move beyond exact terms to search concepts, context and scientific intent using semantic, concept-driven search.

Reveal hidden relationships and connections

Surface links and patterns across data to understand how targets, diseases, chemicals and outcomes connect.

Navigate knowledge at scale

Explore linked datasets and knowledge graphs to follow pathways, generate hypotheses and enhance understanding.

Switch easily between search modes

Support structured exploration and conversational questions across diverse data sources for faster insights.



Transform how you see your data

The screenshot displays the SciBite Search interface. On the left, a sidebar (1) lists various filters such as 'FIELDS', 'ARTICLE TYPE', 'DATASET', and 'DATE COMPLETED'. The top navigation bar (2) shows the search term 'ATORVASTATIN' and options for 'DOCUMENTS', 'SENTENCES', and user settings. The main results area (3) shows a list of search results for 'ATORVASTATIN', with the first result selected. The detailed view (4) of the selected article shows the title 'Coadministration of colesevlam hydrochloride with atorvastatin lowers LDL cholesterol additively', the URL 'https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11583720', the relevance score '72.8', and the abstract text: 'After 4 weeks on the American Heart Association Step I diet, patients were randomized among five groups: placebo; colesevlam 3.8 g/day; atorvastatin 10 mg/day; coadministered colesevlam 3.8 g/day plus atorvastatin 10 mg/day; or atorvastatin 80 mg/day'. The source text identifies the authors and their affiliation with the University of Minnesota Heart Disease Prevention Clinic.

1. User-friendly interface:

Configure data, analytics, API documentation and SciBite Chat in one platform.

2. Multiple ways to search:

Run simple and sophisticated queries using the advanced search form or SciBite Search Query Language (SSQL).

3. Unified, accessible data:

Load and search millions of documents across diverse public and proprietary data sources.

4. Review-ready results:

Highlighted annotations and original document formats support quick review and analysis.

5. Flexible filtering options:

Narrow your search by field, entity and taxonomy to find your focus area quickly.

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